

Magnetic structures of PrA₂Mn₂O₇ (A=Ca, Sr)

Y. Tokunaga(A), M. Uchida(A), T.J. Sato(B), T. Arima(A, C), and Y. Tokura(A, D)
 (A)ERATO-SSS, JST, (B)ISSP, Univ. of Tokyo, (C)IMRAM, Tohoku Univ, (D)Dept. Appl.
 Phys, Univ. of Tokyo

Although the competition between the A- and the CE-type antiferromagnetic (AFM) phase is reported for LaSr₂Mn₂O₇[1], purely CE-type AFM phase is not reported so far in the half-doped bilayer manganites system. We have investigated magnetic structures of PrCa₂Mn₂O₇ and PrSr₂Mn₂O₇. Single crystals of PrCa₂Mn₂O₇ (with twin structures because of the orthorhombic distortion) and PrSr₂Mn₂O₇ were prepared by a floating-zone method. Neutron scattering measurements were carried out on the triple axis spectrometer GP-TAS in the JRR-3M. We measured on the pseudo-tetragonal (hhl) reciprocal zone for PrCa₂Mn₂O₇ and the (h0l) reciprocal zone for PrSr₂Mn₂O₇.

Figure 1(a) shows the temperature dependence of the bulk magnetization measured by a SQUID magnetometer and the peak intensity at Q=(1/4, 1/4, 3), which is corresponding to a measure of the order parameter of CE-type AFM. With decreasing the temperature, the peak intensity at Q=(1/4, 1/4, 3) increases monotonically below T_N=143 K, while that at the Q=(0, 0, 3) (characteristic of the A-type AFM) is negligibly small (not shown). On the other hand, the monotonic increase of the peak intensity at the Q=(0, 0, 3) with decreasing temperature is observed for PrSr₂Mn₂O₇ (See Fig. 1(b)).

These results indicate that the magnetic structure of PrCa₂Mn₂O₇ is the CE-type AFM down to the lowest temperature, while that of PrSr₂Mn₂O₇ is the A-type AFM, similarly to the case of NdSr₂Mn₂O₇[2][3].

[1] M. Kubota et al., J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 68, 2202 (1999).

[2] P.D. Battle et al., Phys. Rev. B 54, 15967

(1996).

[3] Y. Moritomo et al., J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 68, 631 (1999).

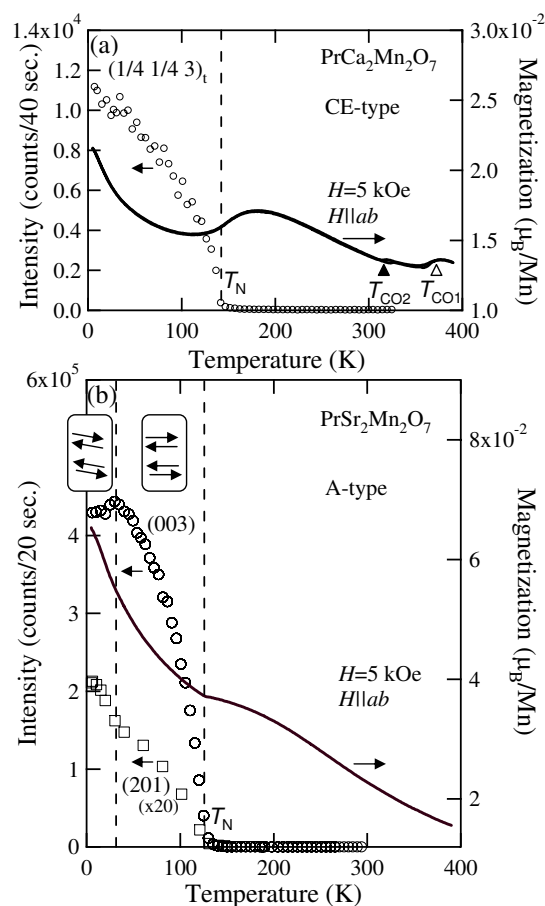


Fig. 1. Temperature dependence of in-plane components of the bulk magnetization and peak intensities at selected positions for (a)PrCa₂Mn₂O₇ and (b)PrSr₂Mn₂O₇.