

表題：強磁性超伝導体 Tb_{0.47}Y_{0.53}Ni₂B₂C の磁気構造

Determination of the magnetic structure in weak ferromagnetic superconductor Tb_{0.47}Y_{0.53}Ni₂B₂C

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Tb_{0.47}Y_{0.53}Ni₂B₂C is a system to show a coexistence state between the weak ferromagnetism and the superconductivity and, in such a coexistence state, one can expect to have a “spontaneous vortex phase” by an internal magnetic field mediated by the ferromagnetic components [1,2]. It is one of the issues that have not been confirmed yet. In Tb_{0.47}Y_{0.53}Ni₂B₂C, weak ferromagnetic transition temperature T_{wfm} is higher than superconducting transition temperature T_c . With such a system, one can investigate the occurrence of the spontaneous phase without being affected by pinned vortices.

In previous experiments, weak ferromagnetic order is confirmed below 4 K by polarized neutron diffraction experiments at HB-1 HFIR in ORNL and its magnetic structure in antiferromagnetic phase under zero magnetic field is determined as a spin density wave with a propagation vector $q = 0.550a^*$ by using a cold neutron spectrometer, CG-4C HFIR. We also measured a field dependence of a magnetic peak and found that the peak disappears above 2 T. 2 T is too small to attribute this change to saturation of the moments to the field direction. In order to investigate the change at 2 T, we performed a neutron diffraction experiment at cold neutron triple axis spectrometer MIRA, in FRM-II. The sample was mounted on a copper plate, with a (h 0 l) scattering plane and was installed in a helium 3 insert and both of horizontal and vertical magnetic fields. Then magnetic field and temperature dependences of magnetic Bragg peaks were measured. Fig. 1 shows field dependence of a (0.56 0 0) peak in a field increasing process. There appears a difference between intensities with horizontal and vertical fields. The detailed analysis of the magnetic structure is still in

使用施設：JRR-3M，装置：4G:GPTAS

分野：Strongly Correlated Electron Systems

undergoing.

Travel expenses were supported by General User Program for Neutron Scattering Experiments, Institute for Solid State Physics, The University of Tokyo (proposal no. 17504), at JRR-3, Japan Atomic Energy Agency.

References?

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- [2] M. Tachiki, et. al., Solid State Commun. 31 (1979) 927.

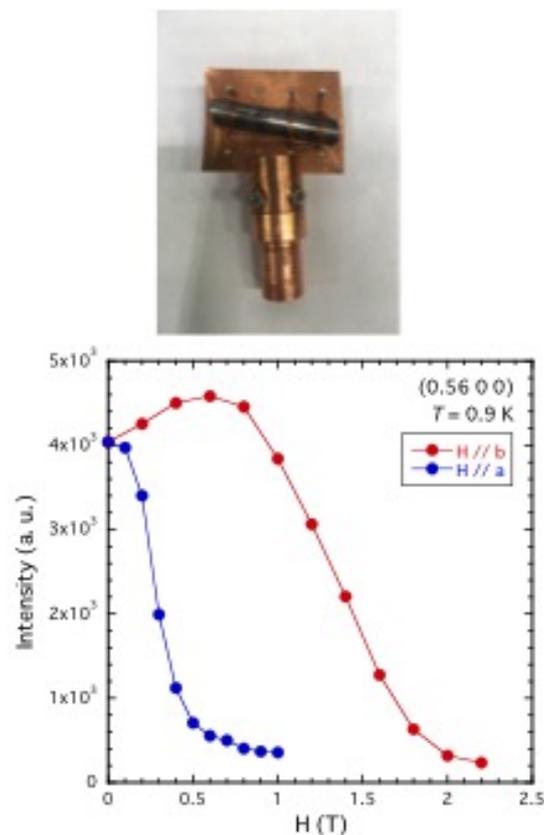


Fig. 1. A single crystal of Tb_{0.47}Y_{0.53}Ni₂B₂C and magnetic field dependence of (0.56 0 0) peak.